UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
Plaintiff

Case No. 15- 20652 Hon. George Caram Steeh

EUGENE FISHER

v.

Defendant

MOTION FOR JUDGMENT OF ACQUITAL
AND/OR NEW TRIAL

NOW COMES the Defendant, Eugene Fisher, by and through his counsel, Henry M. Scharg, and respectfully moves this Honorable Court for a judgment of acquittal, pursuant to Rule 29(c) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, on the grounds that the evidence is insufficient to sustain a conviction of the firearm violation charged in Count 33 of the Sixth Superseding Indictment. In the event of denial of the Defendant's motion for a judgment of acquittal, Defendant seeks a new trial pursuant to Rule 33(a) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, for the reasons that the Court erred in denying the Defendant's motion for acquittal made at the conclusion of the Government's case, the verdict is contrary to the weight of the evidence, and that the verdict is not supported by substantial evidence.

Respectfully submitted:

/s/ Henry M. Scharg Attorney For Defendant Fisher 30445 Northwestern Hwy, Suite 225 Farmington Hills, Michigan 48334 248.596.1111

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BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF MOTION OF JUDGMENT OF ACQUITAL AND/OR FOR A NEW TRIAL

I. BACKGROUND

The Defendant, Eugene Fisher stands convicted of Count 33 of the Sixth Superseding Indictment, Felon in Possession of a Firearm, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1). In order to be found guilty of the crime, the government must prove each and every element of the offense, including that Mr. Fisher "knowingly" possessed a Bushmaster AR-15 .223 caliber rifle on September 26, 2015.

II. ARGUMENT

The Defendant is before this Court seeking a Judgment of Acquittal, pursuant to Fed.R.Crim.P. 29(C) and/or Motion for a New Trial, pursuant to Fed.R.Crim.P. 33(a). A Rule 33(a) Motion for New Trial involves a "much broader standard of review" than a Motion for Acquittal under Rule 29. Under Rule 33(a), the task of the trial judge is to ascertain whether a verdict is against the great weight of the evidence. Under Rule 29, the judge is limited to a determination as to whether the verdict is substantial enough to permit reasonable jurors to draw "an inference of guilt." A verdict may well be against the great weight of the evidence, but nevertheless, be substantial enough to permit reasonable jurors to draw an inference of guilt. *United States v. Ashworth*, 836 F.2d 260, 266 (6th Cir., 1988), citing *United States v. Turner*, 490 F.Supp. 583, 593 (E.D. Mich., 1979), *affirmed*, 633 F.2d 219 (6th Cir., 1980), *cert denied*, 450 U.S. 912 (1981).

In a Motion for New Trial, pursuant to Rule 33(a) of the Federal Rules of Criminal

Procedure, the trial judge can consider the credibility of the witnesses and the weight of the evidence to insure that there is not a miscarriage of justice. "It has often been said that he/she sits as a thirteenth juror." *Ashworth*, supra at 266, *citing*, *Turner*, supra at 593. It is respectfully requested that this Honorable Court do so.

A. The Government's Proof was Insufficient To Prove Fisher's Guilt Beyond a Reasonable Doubt

As to Count 33 of the Sixth Superseding Indictment, there was insufficient evidence presented to establish any nexus between the Bushmaster AR-15 seized from Billy Arnold on September 26, 2015 and Eugene Fisher. In considering a motion for judgment of acquittal under Criminal Rule 29, this Court must determine whether, after reviewing the evidence in the light most favorable to the prosecution, any rational trier of fact could find the elements of the crime beyond a reasonable doubt. *United States v. Abner*, 35 F.3d 251, 253 (6th Cir. 1994); *United States v. Meyer*, 359 F.3d 820, 826 (6th Cir. 1979).

In order to secure a conviction for felon in possession, the Government must prove that: (1) the defendant had a previous felony conviction; (2) that the defendant knowingly possessed the firearm specified in the indictment, and (3) that the firearm traveled in or affected interstate commerce. *United States v. Grubbs*, 506 F.3d 434, 439 (6th Cir. 2007). At the center of this dispute is whether the Government established § 922(g)(1)'s element of possession on September 26, 2015.

Mr. Fisher argues that the government failed to prove that he actually, constructively or assisted in the possession of the Bushmaster AR-15 .223 caliber rifle recovered from Billy Arnold's vehicle on September 26, 2015. A Facebook post on October 2, 2015, with caption

"The Feds just took my ar that my bro holding" (Gov't Exhibit 44) was insufficient to prove the

necessary element of possession, especially after Agent Ruiz's testimony that the Bushmaster

AR-15 rifle "actually may have belonged to someone else." (Jury Trial - 8/3/2018, p.32). A

reasonable jury could not infer from these facts that Defendant had actual, constructive

possession, or aided and abetted others in the possession of the Bushmaster AR-15 rifle on

September 26, 2015. Even viewing the government's evidence in the light most favorable to the

government, together with all legitimate inferences to be drawn there from, the government has

substantially failed to meet its burden in the instant case. See United States v. Smith, 680 F.2d

255, 259 (1st Cir. 1982).

III. CONCLUSION

For the above mentioned reasons, it is believed that the Defendant, Eugene Fisher, is

entitled to a dismissal and/or, in the alternative, a new trial on Count 33 of the Sixth Superseding

Indictment.

Respectfully submitted:

/s/ Henry M. Scharg

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Dated: September 9, 2018

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Plaintiff,

-VS-

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EUGENE FISHER

Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on September 9, 2018, I electronically filed the foregoing paper with the Clerk of the Court using the ECF system which will send notification of such filing to all parties of record.

Respectfully Submitted:

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